



**Legend:** Molecular Interaction Map (MIM) (above) including most of the G0–G1–S transition signaling-network, in estrogen receptor positive BC. The cartouches (like in hieroglyphics), contain the signaling-proteins of the network. The MIM syntax (on the right) is according to [Kohn, K. W., et al. (2006). Mol Syst Biol 2: 51]. Grid coordinates (numbers at the left and letters on top of the MIM) help to locate molecular species and interactions present in the MIM. **[Updating of March 2018]**

- | Reaction symbols          |                             | Contingency symbols                        |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Non-covalent binding      | Cleavage of a covalent bond | Stimulation                                |
| Covalent bond             | Degradation                 | Requirement                                |
| Transcription             | Conformational modification | Requirement of one A event for one B event |
| Stoichiometric conversion |                             | Inhibition                                 |
|                           |                             | Enzymatic catalysis                        |

- Molecular interaction symbols**
- A B We can add a node between two interacting A and B molecules, to indicate the dimer (A-B).  
 A C A node between a molecule C and a dimer-node indicates a trimer (A-B-C), and so on.  
 Structural details about the interactions are omitted.
- A Symbol for an A:A homo dimer